LAP Quick FAQs

When to Initiate the Lethality Screen:

When an **intimate relationship** is involved; **AND ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:**

- You believe an assault has occurred,
- You sense the potential for danger is high,
- Names of parties or location are repeat names or locations,
- You simply believe one should be conducted.

How to initiate a lethality assessment

- Use *Lethality Screen for Law Enforcement.*
- After asking questions, handle information as follows:
 - \circ Yes to 0.1, 2, or 3 = Call the hotline
 - o No to Q.1-3, but Yes to four of Q.4-11 = Call the hotline
- "No" responses may still warrant a hotline call if the officer believes it appropriate. Ask unnumbered question to help determine whether a hotline call should be made.

Victim is assessed as non-High Danger, or did/could not participate in assessment

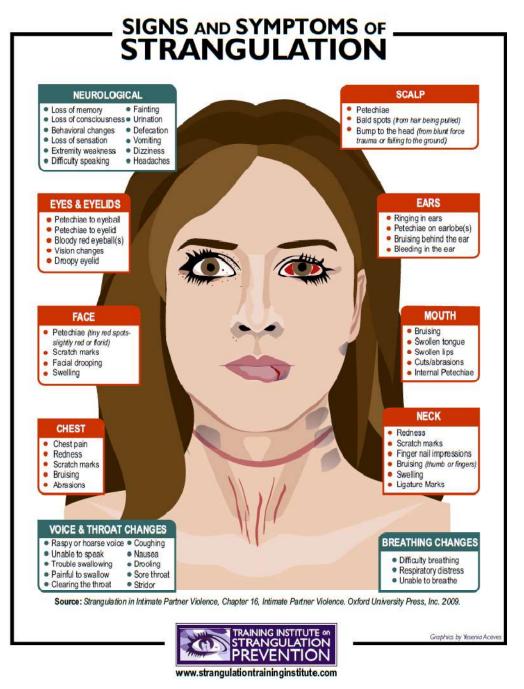
- 1. Advise of dangerous situation.
- 2. Advise to watch for signs of danger.
- 3. Refer to provider.
- 4. Provide your contact information.
- 5. Prepare report.

Victim is assessed as High-Danger—Referral Process

- 1. Explain assessment to victim.
- 2. Advise that you need to call hotline and you would like for victim to speak with an advocate. (*Remember: You are seeking the victim's permission.*)
- 3. If victim does not want to speak with an advocate, tell victim you need to speak with an advocate to seek guidance and gently ask victim to reconsider.
- 4. Call the hotline and give them the basic facts.
- 5. If victim still does not want to speak with an advocate, use same procedures as on the front of the card.
- 6. If victim wants to leave, arrange for or provide transportation.
- 7. Assist advocate with safety planning if asked.
- 8. Notify domestic violence unit or supervisor.
- 9. Prepare report.

Principles of the Lethality Assessment Program

- Be Compassionate and Encouraging.
- "Go The Extra Mile."
- Coordinate Efforts.
- Use the Phone!
- Be Aware of the Dangers in All Domestic Violence Situations.
- Trust Your Instincts.
- Recognize That the Victim Is in Charge!



Simply because of your presence as a law enforcement officer, the victim may feel compelled to speak with the hotline advocate when you ask. Tell the victim whether or not she/he chooses to speak with the advocate, you are there to help her/him.